Adopted Rejected

COMMITTEE REPORT

YES: 19 NO: 4

2005

MR. SPEAKER:

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Your Committee on <u>Ways and Means</u>, to which was referred <u>House Bill 1299</u>, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new

2 paragraph and insert: "SECTION 1. IC 6-9-25-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 3 4 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 31, 2004 (RETROACTIVE)]: 5 Sec. 1. (a) This chapter applies to a county having a population of more than forty-seven thousand (47,000) but less than fifty thousand 6 7 (50,000).(b) The county described in subsection (a) is unique because: 9 (1) governmental entities and nonprofit organizations in the 10 county have successfully undertaken cooperative efforts to promote tourism and economic development; and 11 12 (2) several unique tourist attractions are located in the county, 13 including: 14 (A) the Indiana basketball hall of fame;

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(B) the Wilbur Wright birthplace memorial; and

1	(C) a historic gymnasium.	
2	(c) The presence of these unique attractions in the county has:	
3	(1) increased the number of visitors to the county;	
4	(2) generated increased sales at restaurants and other retail	
5	establishments selling food in the county; and	
6	(3) placed increased demands on all local governments for	
7	services needed to support tourism and economic development	
8	in the county.	
9	(d) The use of food and beverage tax revenues arising in part	
10	from the presence of the attractions identified in subsection (b)(2)	
11	to support tourism and economic development in the county	
12	permits governmental units in the county to diversify the revenue	
13	sources for which local government improvements and services are	
14	funded.	
15	SECTION 2. IC 6-9-25-9.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
16	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 31, 2004 (RETROACTIVE)]:	
17	Sec. 9.5. (a) This section applies to revenues from the county food and	
18	beverage tax received by the county after June 30, 1994.	
19	(b) Money in the fund established under section 8 of this chapter	
20	shall be used by the county for the financing, construction, renovation,	
21	improvement, equipping, operation, or maintenance of the following	
22	capital expenditures: improvements:	
23	(1) Sanitary sewers or wastewater treatment facilities that serve	
24	economic development purposes.	
25	(2) Drainage or flood control facilities that serve economic	
26	development purposes.	
27	(3) Road improvements used on an access road for an industrial	
28	park that serve economic development purposes.	
29	(4) A covered horse show arena.	
30	(5) A historic birthplace memorial.	
31	(6) A historic gymnasium and community center in a town in the	
32	county with a population greater than two thousand (2,000) but	
33	less than two thousand four hundred (2,400).	
34	(7) Main street renovation and picnic and park areas in a town in	
35	the county with a population greater than two thousand (2,000)	
36	but less than two thousand four hundred (2,400).	
37	(8) A community park and cultural center.	
38	(9) Projects for which the county decides after July 1, 1994, to:	

1	(A) expend money in the fund established under section 8
2	of this chapter; or
3	(B) issue bonds or other obligations or enter into leases under
4	section 11.5 of this chapter;
5	after the projects described in subdivisions (1) through (8) have
6	been funded.
7	(10) An ambulance.
8	Money in the fund may not be used for the operating costs of any of the
9	permissible projects listed in this section. In addition, the county may
0	not initiate a project issue bonds or enter into leases or other
1	obligations under this chapter after December 31, 2004. 2015.
2	(c) The county capital improvements committee is established to
3	make recommendations to the county fiscal body concerning the use of
4	money in the fund established under section 8 of this chapter. The
5	capital improvements committee consists of the following members:
6	(1) One (1) resident of the county representing each of the three
7	(3) commissioner districts, appointed by the county executive. Not
8	more than two (2) of the members appointed under this
9	subdivision may be from the same political party.
20	(2) Two (2) residents of the county, appointed by the county fiscal
21	body. The two (2) appointees may not be from the same political
22	party. One (1) appointee under this subdivision must be a resident
23	of a town in the county with a population greater than two
24	thousand (2,000) but less than two thousand four hundred (2,400).
2.5	One (1) appointee under this subdivision must be a resident of a
26	town in the county with a population greater than two thousand
27	four hundred (2,400).
28	(3) Two (2) residents of the largest city in the county, appointed
29	by the municipal executive. The two (2) appointees under this
0	subdivision may not be from the same political party. One (1)
1	appointee must be interested in economic development.
32	(4) Two (2) residents of the largest city in the county, appointed
3	by the municipal fiscal body. The two (2) appointees under this
4	subdivision may not be from the same political party. One (1)
55	appointee must be interested in tourism.
6	(d) Except as provided in subsection (e), the term of a member
57	appointed to the capital improvements committee under subsection (c)
8	is four (4) years

(e) The initial terms of office for the members appointed to the county capital improvements committee under subsection (c) are as follows:

- (1) Of the members appointed under subsection (c)(1), one (1) member shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, one (1) member shall be appointed for three (3) years, and one (1) member shall be appointed for four (4) years.
- (2) Of the members appointed under subsection (c)(2), one (1) member shall be appointed for two (2) years and one (1) member shall be appointed for three (3) years.
- (3) Of the members appointed under subsection (c)(3), one (1) member shall be appointed for two (2) years and one (1) member shall be appointed for three (3) years.
- (4) Of the members appointed under subsection (c)(4), one (1) member shall be appointed for three (3) years and one (1) member shall be appointed for four (4) years.
- (f) At the expiration of a term under subsection (e), the member whose term expired shall may be reappointed to the county capital improvements committee to fill the vacancy caused by the expiration.
- (g) The capital improvements committee is abolished on January 1, 2005. **2016.**
- SECTION 3. IC 6-9-25-10.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 31, 2004 (RETROACTIVE)]: Sec. 10.5. (a) The county food and beverage tax council is established in the county. The membership of the county food and beverage tax council consists of the fiscal body of the county and the fiscal body of each municipality that lies either partly or entirely within the county.
- (b) The county food and beverage tax council has a total of one hundred (100) votes. Every member of the county food and beverage tax council is allocated a percentage of the total one hundred (100) votes that may be cast. The percentage that a municipality in the county is allocated for a year equals the same percentage that the population of the municipality bears to the population of the county. The percentage that the county is allocated for a year equals the same percentage that the population of all areas of the county not located in a municipality bears to the population of the county. In the case of a municipality that lies partly within the county, the allocation shall be based on the population of that portion of the municipality that lies within the

1	county.	
2	(c) Before January 2 of each year, the county auditor shall certify to	
3	each member of the food and beverage tax council the number of votes	
4	rounded to the nearest one-hundredth (0.01), the member has for the	
5	year.	
6	(d) The food and beverage tax imposed under this chapter remain	
7	in effect until the county food and beverage tax council adopts an	
8	ordinance to rescind the tax.	
9	(e) An ordinance to rescind the food and beverage tax takes effect	
10	December 31 of the year in which the ordinance is adopted.	
11	(f) The county food and beverage tax council may not rescind th	
12	food and beverage tax if there are bonds outstanding or leases or other	
13	obligations payable under this chapter.	
14	(g) The county food and beverage tax council is abolished on	
15	January 1, 2005. 2016.	
16	SECTION 4. IC 6-9-25-11.5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
17	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE DECEMBER 31, 2004 (RETROACTIVE)]:	
18	Sec. 11.5. (a) Until January 1, 2005, 2016, the county may:	
19	(1) use money in the fund established under section 8 of this	
20	chapter to pay all or part of the costs associated with the	
21	facilities described in section 9.5 of this chapter;	
22	(2) issue bonds, enter into leases, or incur other obligations to (1)	
23	pay any costs associated with the facilities described in section 9.5	
24	of this chapter;	
25	(2) (3) reimburse the county or any nonprofit corporation for any	
26	money advanced to pay those costs; or	
27	(3) (4) refund bonds issued or other obligations incurred under	
28	this chapter.	
29	(b) Bonds or other obligations issued under this section:	
30	(1) are payable solely from money provided in this chapter, any	
31	other revenues available to the county, or any combination of	
32	these sources, in accordance with a pledge made under	
33	IC 5-1-14-4;	
34	(2) must be issued in the manner prescribed by IC 36-2-6-18	
35	through IC 36-2-6-20; and	
36	(3) may, in the discretion of the county, be sold at a negotiated	
37	sale at a price to be determined by the county or in accordance	
38	with IC 5-1-11 and IC 5-3-1.	

1	(c) Leases entered into under this section:		
2	(1) may be for a term not to exceed fifty (50) years;		
3	(2) may provide for payments from revenues under this chapter		
4	any other revenues available to the county, or any combination of		
5	these sources;		
6	(3) may provide that payments by the county to the lessor are		
7	required only to the extent and only for the time that the lessor is		
8	able to provide the leased facilities in accordance with the lease;		
9	(4) must be based upon the value of the facilities leased; and		
10	(5) may not create a debt of the county for purposes of the		
11	Constitution of the State of Indiana.		
12	(d) A lease may be entered into by the county executive only after		
13	a public hearing at which all interested parties are provided the		
14	opportunity to be heard. After the public hearing, the executive may		
15	approve the execution of the lease on behalf of the county only if the		
16	executive finds that the service to be provided throughout the life of the		
17	lease will serve the public purpose of the county and is in the best		
18	interests of its residents. A lease approved by the executive must also		
19	be approved by an ordinance of the county fiscal body.		
20	(e) Upon execution of a lease under this section, and after approval		
21	of the lease by the county fiscal body, the county executive shall		
22	publish notice of the execution of the lease and the approval of the lease		
23	in accordance with IC 5-3-1.		
24	(f) An action to contest the validity of bonds issued or leases entered		
25	into under this section must be brought within thirty (30) days after the		
26	adoption of a bond ordinance or notice of the execution and approval		
27	of the lease, as the case may be.".		
28	Page 2, after line 14, begin a new paragraph and insert:		
29	"SECTION 6. IC 6-9-35 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS		
30	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY		
31	1, 2005]:		
32	Chapter 35. Wayne County Food and Beverage Tax		
33	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to a county having a population of		
34	more than seventy-one thousand (71,000) but less than seventy-one		
35	thousand four hundred (71,400).		
36	Sec. 2. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the		
37	definitions in IC 36-1-2 apply throughout this chapter.		

Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "beverage" includes an alcoholic

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1	beverage.
2	Sec. 4. As used in this chapter,"bonds" has the meaning set
3	forth in IC 5-1-11-1.
4	Sec. 5. As used in this chapter, "department" means the
5	department of state revenue.
6	Sec. 6. As used in this chapter,"economic development project"
7	has the meaning set forth in IC 6-3.5-7-13.1.
8	Sec. 7. As used in this chapter, "food" includes any food
9	product.
10	Sec. 8. As used in this chapter, "gross retail income" has the
11	meaning set forth in IC 6-2.5-1-5.
12	Sec. 9. As used in this chapter, "obligations" has the meaning set
13	forth in IC 5-1-3-1(b).
14	Sec. 10. As used in this chapter, "person" has the meaning set
15	forth in IC 6-2.5-1-3.
16	Sec. 11. As used in this chapter, "retail merchant" has the
17	meaning set forth in IC 6-2.5-1-8.
18	Sec. 12. (a) After January 1 but before August 1, the fiscal body
19	of a county may adopt an ordinance to impose an excise tax known
20	as the county's food and beverage tax on transactions described in
21	section 13 of this chapter.
22	(b) Before a fiscal body may adopt an ordinance imposing a food
23	and beverage tax, the fiscal body must hold a public hearing on the
24	proposed ordinance, with notice of the time, date, and place of the
25	public hearing given in accordance with IC 5-3-1.
26	(c) This subsection does not apply to a county governed under
27	IC 36-2-3.5. If the fiscal body adopts an ordinance to impose a food
28	and beverage tax under this chapter, the county executive must
29	also adopt a substantially similar ordinance to impose the tax.
30	(d) This subsection applies to a county governed under
31	IC 36-2-3.5. If the fiscal body adopts an ordinance to impose a food
32	and beverage tax under this chapter, the county executive must
33	approve the ordinance in the manner prescribed by IC 36-2-4-8 to
34	impose the tax.
35	(e) If an ordinance is adopted under subsection (c) or approved
36	under subsection (d), the county executive shall immediately send
37	a certified copy of the ordinance to the department.

Sec. 13. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a food and

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beverage tax imposed under section 12 of this chapter applies to any transaction in which food or a beverage is furnished, prepared, or served:

- (1) for consumption at a location, or on equipment, provided by a retail merchant;
- (2) in the county in which the tax is imposed; and
- (3) by the retail merchant for consideration.
- (b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions in which food or a beverage is:
 - (1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
 - (2) sold by a retail merchant who ordinarily bags, wraps, or packages the food or beverage for immediate consumption on or near the retail merchant's premises, including food or beverages sold on a "take out" or "to go" basis; or
 - (3) sold by a street vendor.

- (c) A food and beverage tax imposed under this chapter does not apply to the furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent the transaction is exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed under IC 6-2.5.
- Sec. 14. The food and beverage tax imposed on a food or beverage transaction described in section 13 of this chapter may not exceed one percent (1%) of the gross retail income received by the retail merchant from the transaction. For purposes of this chapter, the gross retail income received by the retail merchant from such a transaction does not include the amount of tax imposed on the transaction under IC 6-2.5.
- Sec. 15. If the food and beverage tax imposed in a county is imposed at a rate lower than the rate permitted under section 14 of this chapter, the county fiscal body may adopt an ordinance to increase the county's food and beverage tax rate. The ordinance must be adopted after January 1 but before September 1 of a year. The fiscal body shall send a certified copy of the ordinance increasing the food and beverage tax rate to the department.

Sec. 16. (a) If no bonds, leases, obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness of a county that are payable from a food and beverage tax imposed under this chapter are outstanding, the county fiscal body may adopt an ordinance to:

1	(1) reduce the county's food and beverage tax rate; or
2	(2) repeal the county's food and beverage tax.
3	(b) An ordinance described in subsection (a) must be adopted
4	after January 1 but before September 1 of a year. The fiscal body
5	shall send a certified copy of the ordinance adopted under this
6	section to the department.
7	Sec. 17. If a county fiscal body adopts an ordinance under this
8	chapter, the ordinance takes effect January 1 of the year following
9	the year in which the ordinance is adopted.
10	Sec. 18. A food and beverage tax imposed this chapter shall be
11	imposed, paid, and collected in the same manner that the state
12	gross retail tax is imposed, paid, and collected under IC 6-2.5.
13	However, the return that is filed for the payment of the tax may be
14	made on a separate return or may be combined with the return
15	filed for the payment of the state gross retail tax as prescribed by
16	the department.
17	Sec. 19. (a) The department shall notify the county auditor of a
18	county that imposes a food and beverage tax under this chapter of
19	the amount of tax paid in the county.
20	(b) The amounts received from a food and beverage tax imposed
21	under this chapter shall be paid monthly by the treasurer of state
22	on warrants issued by the auditor of state to the county auditor of
23	the county that imposed the tax.
24	Sec. 20. A county auditor shall establish a local food and
25	beverage tax revenue fund into which all amounts received monthly
26	from the treasurer of state under this chapter shall be deposited.
27	Sec. 21. Revenue derived from a tax imposed under this chapter
28	may be treated by a county as additional revenue for the purpose
29	of fixing its budget for the budget year during which the revenues
30	are to be distributed to the county.
31	Sec. 22. A county may use revenues from a tax imposed under
32	this chapter for one (1) or more of the following purposes:
33	(1) To promote and encourage conventions, visitors, and
34	tourism within the county.
35	(2) To promote and encourage economic development within
36	the county.
37	(3) Paying debt service or lease rentals on:
38	(A) bonds;

1	(B) leases;	
2	(C) obligations; or	
3	(D) any other evidence of indebtedness of the county;	
4	for a project described in subdivisions (1) and (2).	
5	Sec. 23. The department of local government finance may not	
6	reduce a county's property tax levy by the amount of revenue	
7	received from a tax imposed under this chapter.	
8	Sec. 24. (a) The county food and beverage tax revenue	
9	committee is established to make recommendations to the count	
10	fiscal body concerning the use of money in the fund established	
11	under section 20 of this chapter. The committee consists of the	
12	following members:	
13	(1) One (1) resident of the county representing each of the	
14	three (3) commissioner districts, appointed by the county	
15	executive. Not more than two (2) of the members appointed	
16	under this subdivision may be from the same political party.	
17	(2) Two (2) residents of the county, appointed by the county	
18	fiscal body. The two (2) appointees may not be from the same	
19	political party.	
20	(3) Two (2) residents of the largest city in the county.	
21	appointed by the city executive. The two (2) appointees under	
22	this subdivision may not be from the same political party. One	
23	(1) appointee must be interested in economic development.	
24	(4) Two (2) residents of the largest city in the county.	
25	appointed by the city fiscal body. The two (2) appointees	
26	under this subdivision may not be from the same political	
27	party. One (1) appointee must be interested in tourism.	
28	(b) Except as provided in subsection (c), the term of a member	
29	appointed to the county food and beverage tax revenue committee	
30	under this section is four (4) years.	
31	(c) The initial terms of office for the members appointed to the	
32	county food and beverage tax revenue committee under subsection	
33	(a) are as follows:	
34	(1) Of the members appointed under subsection (a)(1), one (1)	
35	member shall be appointed for a term of two (2) years, one (1)	
36	member shall be appointed for three (3) years, and one (1)	
37	member shall be appointed for four (4) years.	
38	(2) Of the members appointed under subsection (a)(2), one (1)	

1	member shall be appointed for two (2) years and one (1)	
2	member shall be appointed for three (3) years.	
3	(3) Of the members appointed under subsection (a)(3), one (1)	
4	member shall be appointed for two (2) years and one (1)	
5	member shall be appointed for three (3) years.	
6	(4) Of the members appointed under subsection (a)(4), one (1)	
7	member shall be appointed for three (3) years and one (1)	
8	member shall be appointed for four (4) years.	
9	(d) At the expiration of a term under subsection (c), the member	
10	whose term expired shall be reappointed to the county food and	
11	beverage tax revenue committee to fill the vacancy caused by the	
12	expiration.	
13	(e) The county food and beverage tax revenue committee is	
14	abolished on the date that an ordinance to rescind the tax imposed	
15	under this chapter takes effect.	
16	Sec. 25. The general assembly covenants with the county and the	
17	purchasers and owners of bonds, leases, obligations, or any other	
18	evidences of indebtedness of the county payable from a tax imposed	
19	under this chapter that this chapter will not be repealed or	
20	amended in any manner that will adversely affect the imposition or	
21	collection of a tax imposed under this chapter so long as the	
22	principal, interest, or lease rentals due under those bonds, leases,	
23	obligations, or other evidences of indebtedness of the county that	
24	are payable from a tax imposed under this chapter remain unpaid.	
25	SECTION 7. IC 6-9-36 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS	
26	A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE UPON	
27	PASSAGE]:	
28	Chapter 36. Monroe County Food and Beverage Tax	
29	Sec. 1. This chapter applies to Monroe County.	
30	Sec. 2. The definitions in IC 6-9-12-1 apply throughout this	
31	chapter.	
32	Sec. 3. (a) The fiscal body of the county may adopt an ordinance	
33	to impose an excise tax, known as the county food and beverage	
34	tax, on those transactions described in section 4 of this chapter.	
35	(b) If the fiscal body adopts an ordinance under subsection (a),	
36	it shall immediately send a certified copy of the ordinance to the	
37	commissioner of the department of state revenue.	

(c) If the fiscal body adopts an ordinance under subsection (a),

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the county food and beverage tax applies to transactions that occur after the last day of the month that succeeds the month in which the ordinance is adopted.

- (d) If the fiscal body adopts an ordinance under subsection (a), it may adopt an ordinance to allow every retail merchant to deduct and retain from the amount of those taxes otherwise required to be remitted under this chapter, if timely remitted, a retail merchant's collection allowance. The fiscal body shall state the amount of the allowance in the ordinance. An allowance authorized under this subsection is in addition to any allowance authorized under an ordinance adopted under section 6 or 7 of this chapter.
- (e) The fiscal body may not adopt an ordinance under subsection (a) before January 1, 2006.
- Sec. 4. (a) Except as provided in subsection (c), a tax imposed under section 3 of this chapter applies to any transaction in which food or beverage is furnished, prepared, or served:
 - (1) for consumption at a location, or on equipment, provided by a retail merchant;
 - (2) in the county in which the tax is imposed; and
 - (3) by a retail merchant for consideration.
- (b) Transactions described in subsection (a)(1) include transactions in which food or beverage is:
 - (1) served by a retail merchant off the merchant's premises;
- (2) food sold in a heated state or heated by a retail merchant;
 - (3) two (2) or more food ingredients mixed or combined by a retail merchant for sale as a single item (other than food that is only cut, repackaged, or pasteurized by the seller, and eggs, fish, meat, poultry, and foods containing these raw animal foods requiring cooking by the consumer as recommended by the federal Food and Drug Administration in chapter 3, subpart 3-401.11 of its Food Code so as to prevent food borne
- 32 illnesses); or

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- (4) food sold with eating utensils provided by a retail 33 34 merchant, including plates, knives, forks, spoons, glasses, cups, napkins, or straws (for purposes of this subdivision, a 35 36 plate does not include a container or packaging used to transport the food).
- 37
- 38 (c) The county food and beverage tax does not apply to the

furnishing, preparing, or serving of any food or beverage in a transaction that is exempt, or to the extent exempt, from the state gross retail tax imposed by IC 6-2.5.

Sec. 5. The county food and beverage tax imposed on a food or beverage transaction described in section 4 of this chapter equals one percent (1%) of the gross retail income received by the merchant from the transaction. For purposes of this chapter, the gross retail income received by the retail merchant from such a transaction does not include the amount of tax imposed on the transaction under IC 6-2.5.

Sec. 6. If an ordinance is not adopted under section 7 of this chapter, the tax that may be imposed under this chapter shall be imposed, paid, and collected in the same manner that the state gross retail tax is imposed, paid, and collected under IC 6-2.5. However, the return to be filed for the payment of the tax under this chapter may be made separately or may be combined with the return filed for the payment of the state gross retail tax, as prescribed by the department of state revenue.

Sec. 7. (a) The county fiscal body may adopt an ordinance to require that the tax be reported on forms approved by the county treasurer and that the tax shall be paid monthly to the county treasurer. If such an ordinance is adopted, the tax shall be paid to the county treasurer not more than twenty (20) days after the end of the month the tax is collected. If such an ordinance is not adopted, the tax shall be imposed, paid, and collected in exactly the same manner as the state gross retail tax is imposed, paid, and collected pursuant to IC 6-2.5.

(b) If an ordinance is adopted under this section, all of the provisions of IC 6-2.5 relating to rights, duties, liabilities, procedures, penalties, definitions, exemptions, and administration apply to the imposition and administration of the tax imposed under section 3 of this chapter, except to the extent those provisions are in conflict or inconsistent with the specific provisions of this chapter or the requirements of the county treasurer. Specifically and not in limitation of this subsection, the terms "person" and "gross income" shall have the same meaning in this section as set forth in IC 6-2.5, except that "person" shall not include state supported educational institutions. If the tax is paid to the

department of state revenue, the returns to be filed for the payment of the tax under this section may be either a separate return or may be combined with the return filed for the payment of the state gross retail tax as the department of state revenue may by rule determine.

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- Sec. 8. If an ordinance is not adopted under section 9 of this chapter, the amounts received from the county food and beverage tax imposed under this chapter shall be paid monthly by the treasurer of state to the county treasurer upon warrants issued by the auditor of state.
- Sec. 9. (a) If an ordinance is adopted under section 3 of this chapter, the county treasurer shall establish a food and beverage tax receipts fund.
- (b) The county treasurer shall deposit in the fund county food and beverage tax revenue that the county treasurer receives.
- (c) Any money earned from the investment of money in the fund becomes part of the fund.
- (d) Money in the fund at the end of the county fiscal year does not revert to the county general fund.
- Sec. 10. (a) If an ordinance is adopted under section 3 of this chapter, the fiscal officer of the city of Bloomington shall establish a food and beverage tax receipts fund.
- (b) The fiscal officer shall deposit in the fund county food and beverage tax revenue that the fiscal officer receives.
- (c) Any money earned from the investment of money in the fund becomes part of the fund.
- (d) Money in the fund at the end of the city fiscal year does not revert to the city general fund.
- Sec. 11. (a) Each month, the auditor of Monroe County shall distribute the county food and beverage tax revenue received by the county treasurer between the city of Bloomington and Monroe County in the same ratio that the population of the city of Bloomington bears to the population of Monroe County.
- (b) Distribution of county food and beverage tax revenue to the city of Bloomington must be on warrants issued by the auditor of Monroe County.
- Sec. 12. Monroe County's share of county food and beverage tax revenue deposited in the county food and beverage tax receipts

1	fund may be used to only finance, construct, operate, and maintain
2	one (1) or more of the following:
3	(1) A convention center, conference center, or auditorium
4	facility.
5	(2) Public safety facilities or operations.
6	(3) Parks and recreation facilities.
7	(4) Tourism or economic development projects.
8	(5) Parking facilities.
9	Sec. 13. Money deposited in the city food and beverage tax
10	receipts fund may be used only to finance, construct, operate, and
11	maintain one (1) or more of the following:
12	(1) A convention center, conference center, or auditorium
13	facility.
14	(2) Parks and recreation facilities.
15	(3) Tourism or economic development projects.
16	(4) Parking facilities.
17	(5) Public safety facilities or operations.
18	Sec. 14. (a) There is created a nine (9) member food and
19	beverage tax authority to make recommendations to the county
20	executive and the city executive concerning the use of money in the
21	funds established under sections 9 and 10 of this chapter. The nine
22	(9) members are appointed as follows:
23	(1) Two (2) members appointed by the executive of the largest
24	municipality in the county. Not more than one (1) member
25	appointed under this subdivision may be of the same political
26	party. One (1) member appointed under this subdivision must
27	represent the hospitality or restaurant industry.
28	(2) Two (2) members appointed by the city council of the
29	largest municipality in the county. Not more than one (1)
30	member appointed under this subdivision may be of the same
31	political party. One (1) member appointed under this
32	subdivision must represent the hospitality or restaurant
33	industry.
34	(3) Three (3) members appointed by the county executive
35	body. Not more than two (2) members appointed under this
36	subdivision may be of the same political party. One (1)
37	member appointed under this subdivision must represent the
38	hospitality or restaurant industry.

	16	
1	(4) Two (2) members appointed by the county fiscal body. One	
2	(1) member appointed under this subdivision must be a	
3	resident of Ellettsville.	
4	A member appointed under this subsection must reside in Monroe	
5	County.	
6	(b) The term of appointment on the authority is two (2) years.	
7	However, when the initial appointments are made, each appointing	
8	authority shall appoint one (1) member for a one (1) year term and	
9	the remaining members for two (2) year terms. Subsequent	
10	appointments are for two (2) year terms. A vacancy on the	
11	authority shall be filled for the unexpired term by the authority	
12	that made the prior appointment.	
13	(c) The affirmative vote of at least five (5) members of the	
14	authority is required for the authority to take an action.	
15	Sec. 15. (a) If no obligations are outstanding, the county fiscal	
16	body may repeal the ordinance adopted under section 3 of this	
17	chapter imposing the tax before December 1 in any year.	
18	(b) An ordinance to rescind the food and beverage tax takes	

which the ordinance is adopted.

(c) If the county fiscal body adopts an ordinance under subsection (a), it shall immediately send a certified copy of the ordinance to the commissioner of the department of state revenue.

effect January 1 of the year immediately following the year in

SECTION 8. [EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE] A large percentage of the land in the city of Bloomington and in Monroe County is not taxable because it is owned by the state or the federal government, which puts the city and the county at a disadvantage in their ability to fund projects. These special circumstances require legislation

1	particular to the city and county.	
2	SECTION 9. An emergency is declared	for this act.".
3	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.	
	(Reference is to HB 1299 as introduced.)	
and when so ar	nended that said bill do pass.	
		Representative Espich